

**LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
SESSION 1884.**

(Continued from Page 10.)

SIXTY-FIRST DAY.

MONDAY, July 21.

The House met at 10 a.m.

Minutes of preceding day read and approved.

Mr. Kaumamane presented a petition from certain guards at Oahu Prison, praying that they be paid \$116 due them. Referred to Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Kaulukou presented and also read a petition from the district of Honolulu that a law be enacted to prohibit the setting off of fireworks. Laid on table to be considered with a bill of similar nature.

Mr. Kauwila presented a petition from the district of Puna that the salary of mail carriers be increased to \$30 a week, and that they start at an earlier hour on their duties. Laid on table.

Mr. G. Brown presented a report from the Finance Committee, relating to the disposition of public funds by the Ministers. The report states that \$40,000 of the \$30,000 appropriated for Japanese immigration had been used, a letter of credit to that amount being given to Consul Irwin. They further find that the sum of \$3,805.46 was expended out of the balance of \$10,000 to liquidate drafts due with regard to the late importation of Portuguese immigrants by S. S. City of Paris, and for this contempt of the law the Committee recommend that the Ministry be censured.

Mr. Kalua considered this a very important matter. The \$50,000 voted was for Japanese immigration and not for Portuguese. This he shows that the Ministers do not seem to care what they do. There was no excuse for their action in this matter.

Mr. Gibson said he thought his colleague, Mr. Gulick, was fully prepared to justify his action in the matter.

Mr. Kaulukou said that as the Committee considered the matter of such grave importance as to deserve a censure of the Ministry, consideration of it ought to be deferred, in order that an explanation might be given by the Minister of the Interior.

Mr. Hitchcock said the Minister of Interior had previously stated that he had sufficient money in hand to pay for the Portuguese immigrants by the S. S. City of Paris, and also for the next vessel to arrive. But it seemed they had used an amount out of the sum voted for Japanese immigration to liquidate drafts for Portuguese by the City of Paris.

The Minister of the Interior said that the circumstances had not prompted any defiance of the law, or wish of this House. In order to answer this matter it would be necessary to have figures before him. The amount as stated, \$3,805.46 had been drawn from the appropriation for Japanese and used for Portuguese immigration. The expenses of landing and keeping Portuguese immigrants had to be paid, and as there was but \$1,300 in that particular fund, the balance had been borrowed from the Japanese fund. There had never been any intention of diverting this money from the purpose for which it was intended, viz: immigration purposes.

Mr. W. O. Smith said that the Ministers had no excuse for action of this kind. He opposed the resolution appropriating \$50,000 for Japanese immigration, because he considered these Ministers were not to be trusted with such a sum of money. Portuguese and Japanese immigration are two distinct propositions. There was a clear and distinct understanding with regard to the resolution for Japanese. The delay asked for is to show reason why it was done, but it is impossible for them to do so. It is a clear and plain defiance of the law which must be condemned. They have defied the law and have no excuse. The House must censure each and every one of them, and no one could say it was right.

Mr. Dole said he opposed the resolution asking for \$50,000 for Japanese immigration, because he felt the Assembly could not trust the Ministers with handling that amount. This report shows they could not be trusted. Like the Ethiopian who cannot change the color of his skin, or the leopard change his spots, the Ministry cannot do any better, and they were not expected to. The Ministry had no right to do what it had, and the excuse given are excuses of expediency, good for nothing. They might have just as well have sent a squad of soldiers down to Frank's bank and made a forced loan. The fact is, these Ministers have organized a little Legislature all to themselves, with no minority or opposition, but all votes on one side. They turn the action of the House to suit themselves. He felt ashamed of being a member of the House, and to be treated in that manner by the Ministers, and he was also ashamed that the House had stood it as long as they have. He would support the report, as it is accurate and straightforward statement. The majority of the House had not the confidence of the public, nor the King. There was no hope of their doing anything with the Ministry. If they did not censure the Ministers, constituents would censure them (the Representatives). The report ought to be adopted.

Mr. Widemann said that one point had not yet been touched. They passed the joint resolution for \$50,000 for Japanese immigration. He could not but think for a moment that the Ministers counted Portuguese as Japanese. The fact is that they had authorized their servants, the Ministers, to pay \$50,000 for Japanese immigration. They draw \$3,805.46 of that and pay it for Portuguese. If that is not transgressing and breaking the law, he did not know what breaking the law means. The Ministers say, "Yes, we have broken the law, but did it for such and such a reason?"

Mr. Bishop said the motion to lay on table showed that time was wanted. There is no use for further time, nor for any more figures. The Minister of the Interior had admitted all that was necessary. It did not matter what the amount was, the law does not admit of any transfer from one object to another. If liberties are taken with one appropriation they may be taken with any. There was no need of further delay.

The Minister of the Interior said it had been stated twice that he had admitted breaking the law. He admitted that this particular draft was drawn and paid. He could not give a proper presentation of the matter without figures. The greater portion of the amount to be paid had been received from the source whence it was expected, and more than the balance would be collected. Had not these drafts been paid when due, the holders of them would have had them protested and the Government credit would have been impaired.

Mr. Aholo said he understood that the Minister of the Interior had told the Committee that when the planters who incurred a portion of the expense had paid in their proportion there would be a surplus in the Portuguese fund. He said that the Ministers in his opinion, should be excused for saving the Government credit, by paying those drafts and not permitting them to go to protest, and that no reflection was intended upon the Assembly.

Mr. Pilipo said the want of confidence had been greatly strengthened by their action in this matter. He would move the previous question. Carried.

Mr. G. Brown said they had been trying to mix Portuguese immigration with other things. Money appropriated for one purpose they had used for another, and that was a direct violation of the law. They have not been able to deny it, but pleaded that they thought it expedient to do so. If the Ministry had not sufficient money appropriated for Portuguese expenses, they could very easily have procured an appropriation for that purpose if they had properly represented their wants.

The motion to lay on the table was lost on the following vote:

AYES—Gibson, Gulick, Kapena, Neumann, Kuihelani, Kaee, Walker, Kaulukou, Keau, Liliikalani, Baker, Amara, Kaulia, Aholo, Kamakale, Gardner, Nahine, Kaumamane, Palohau, Kupihua, Nakalele. Total 21.

NAYS—Bishop, Parker, Wilder, Isenberg, Dowsett, Mott Smith, Widemann, Martin, F. Brown, Kalua, C. Brown, Richardson, Kaneelli, W. O. Smith, Wawaiki, Hitchcock, Kauhane, Pilipo, G. Brown, Dole, Rowell. Total 22.

Mr. W. O. Smith moved a re-consideration of the vote.

Mr. Kaulukou said there was no need of it. If they adjourned for an hour they would be able to outvote the Opposition.

The motion to re-consider was lost, and the House adjourned at 12:10 P.M.

BUDGET OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. Bishop, chairman of the Committee on Education, reported on the petitions praying for English Schools on Lanai and at Makawao and recommended same be referred to the Board of Education. Report adopted.

Mr. Gibson stated that he had some additional matter from Mr. Meyers, Superintendent of the Leper Settlement, and he moved it be printed. Carried.

Mr. Hitchcock reported on the matter of immigration, recommending that Portuguese immigration be suspended, and that Japanese immigration be encouraged, and that an item of \$200,000 be appropriated for the purposes of immigration.

Mr. Smith moved the report be laid on the table until the item for immigration is reached in the Appropriation Bill. It was manifest that the House was in favor of Japanese immigration but in case that should fail, it would not be wise to cut off supplies from other quarters.

Mr. Gibson seconded the motion. Carried. Mr. Smith called upon the Attorney-General, in accordance with a resolution passed, for a report upon criminal expenses.

The Attorney-General promised to report on Wednesday.

Mr. Frank Brown, on similar grounds, passed that the Minister of the Interior make certain reports.

The Minister of the Interior stated that the reports were in course of preparation, and would be presented in the course of the week.

ANSWERING.

The Attorney-General read for the first time a bill to amend Section 4, Chapter 36, of the Penal Code, relating to common nuisances.

Mr. Smith moved that the Minister of the Interior state to the House by what means

he proposes to make good to the several districts of the Kingdom the sum of \$147,905.87 of road tax now supposed to be in the Treasury. Inasmuch as there is nothing in the Appropriation Bill now before the House to provide for the paying to the several districts their respective proportion of the same, and provision is only made for the disbursement of the road tax collected during the coming biennial period. Carried.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

Consideration of the Appropriation Bill in Committee of the Whole.

Mr. Pilipo was of opinion that in consequence of the King's message, the proper course would be to re-commence the consideration of the bill.

The Minister of Finance said they propose to go on from where they left off, and on the third reading to reconsider the items passed.

Mr. Dole said the House wanted to know now exactly what was to be submitted to them in figures. He therefore moved that the consideration of the bill be postponed until a new bill is presented.

Mr. Smith said that whatever trifling there had been hitherto there was no trifling with the message of His Majesty. It is there stated that the Minister of Finance will present the reduced estimates to the House, and he asked where are they? They were there to do either child's play or a farce. Now which is it?

The Minister of Finance said he was happy to see the Hon. Members for Lihiwai and Kekoa and Walluku were ready to go to work; but with all this talk, talk, talk, they could do nothing. He had the reduced figures before him, and he proposed to go to work now.

Motion to go on with the consideration of the bill passed.

Mr. Dole moved that the new estimates be read to the House, and afterwards printed.

The President said that a certain irregularity had crept into the House owing to the King's message. No member is answerable for it, nor is the Chair. The order of the day is the Appropriation Bill; but as certain amendments had been suggested, and it was necessary that they should have a first reading, and afterwards take the usual course.

Mr. Aholo stated that the King's message did not alter the rules of the Assembly. It was merely a recommendation, and the House could consider the items proposed as they arrived at them. He moved that the consideration of the bill be deferred until Wednesday.

After a few remarks by Mr. Wilder, the Minister of Finance withdrew the motion to proceed with the bill, and proceeded to read the amendments, as follows:

	Original Estimate	Reduced Estimate
His Majesty's Privy Purse.....	\$ 50,000	\$ 45,000
His Majesty's Chamberlain.....	7,000	6,000
Salary First Associate Justice.....	11,000	10,000
Salary Second Associate Justice.....	11,000	10,000
Police Justice of Honolulu.....	9,000	8,000
Expenses of Supreme Court.....	5,000	4,000
Salary of Minister of Foreign Affairs.....	12,000	11,000
Salary of Minister of the Interior.....	12,000	11,000
Salary Surveyor General.....	8,000	7,000
Government Surveying.....	35,000	25,000
Salary Post Master General.....	8,000	7,000
Salary Superintendent of Public Works.....	6,000	1,375
Salary Clerk Superintendent of Public Works.....	2,100	—
Incidentals and Traveling Expenses of Engineer and Superintendent of Public Works.....	2,000	1,000
Steam Tug.....	35,000	—
Dredging.....	20,000	—
Steam Launch.....	8,000	—
Janitor Aliiolani Hale, etc. live on premises.....	2,000	900
Salary of Minister of Finance.....	12,000	11,000
Salary Collector-General.....	8,000	7,000
Salary Harbor Master.....	8,000	6,000
Pay of Tax Assessors.....	50,000	28,000
Pay of Tax Collectors.....	24,000	20,000
Salaries of Attorneys-General.....	12,000	11,000
Salary Deputy Attorney-General.....	8,000	6,000
Salary of Marshal.....	8,000	7,000
Civil expenses.....	20,000	24,000
Armed Forces contingent Fund.....	50,000	30,000
Total amount of proposed reduction.....	\$912,765	—

Motion to defer the consideration of the bill until Wednesday passed.

Second reading of a bill to create a Board of Police Commissioners.

On the motion of Mr. Smith, the bill was laid on the table for future consideration.

Second reading of a bill to provide for the appointment of Road Supervisor-in-Chief.

Mr. Keau moved the bill be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Widemann said it was unnecessary to appoint a Road supervisor for Kauai because it was too small. For Oahu he approved of having a supervisor. On Maui there is one, and Hawaii was altogether too large for one man to perform the duties.

Mr. Aholo moved the bill pass to engrossment.

Mr. Cecil Brown seconded the motion.

Mr. W. O. Smith said the objection to the bill seemed to come from the members from Hawaii, and it was not so much to the office as to the person who holds the office at present. He moved to strike out Hawaii from the first section of the bill.

Bill passed to engrossment, and ordered to be read a third time on Thursday next.

The House adjourned at 4:30 p.m. until 10 a.m. on Tuesday.

Advertisements.

CIGARS

&

TOBACCO.

FINE CUT CHEWING.

Century, Challenge.

Virgin in Bulk.

SMOKING FOR PIPES AND CIGARETTES.

Old Judge, Comet,

Virginia Rose,

Gold Bar, Forest Rose,

Telephone, Three Black

Anna Lisle, Crows,

Old Harvest Plug Cut (new).

CIGARETTES.

Gold Bar, Full Hand,

Fragrant Vanity Fair.

Plain and Fancy Pipes, Brierroot, Clay, and Other Varieties.

Orders from the other islands promptly attended to. No Hawaiian Tobacco used in the manufacture of our cigars.

J. W. Hingley,
No. 108 KINGSTREET.
14-15m HONOLULU, H. I.

CIGARS.

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Chewing and Smoking

NOW LANDING

Per Mariposa & Brig Consuelo,

1573

Packages of Assorted

Merchandise

Half Barrels Pickle Roll Butter, Bales Table Salt, Sacks Coffee, Cases Boneless Ham,

Cases New Potatoes, Cases New Onions,

Cases Cheese, all sizes; Cases Burnett's Extracts,

C